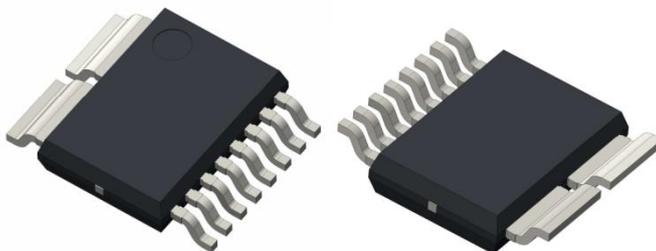


Current Sensor

Product Series: STK-616AM3

Part number: STK-616A-50ML3B5
STK-616A-50ML3B3
STK-616A-50ML3U5
STK-616A-66ML3B5
STK-616A-75ML3B5
STK-616A-80ML3B5
STK-616A-90ML3B5
STK-616A-95ML3U5
STK-616A-100ML3U5
STK-616A-100ML3B5
STK-616A-120ML3B5
STK-616A-150ML3B5
STK-616A-180ML3B5

Version: Ver 2.4



Sinomags Technology Co., Ltd

Web site: www.sinomags.com

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1. Description

The STK-616AM3 series current sensor is based on TMR (tunnel magnetoresistance) technology and open-loop design. It is suitable for DC, AC pulsed and any kind of irregular current measurement under the isolated conditions. The STK-616AM3 series current sensor has built in OCD (Over Current Detection) function. The primary conductor has very low resistance of 0.27mΩ.

Typical applications

- AC Variable speed driver
- AC/DC, DC/DC power supply
- PV inverter
- Servo motor driver

General parameter

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value |
|---------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| Working temperature | T_A | °C | -40 ~ 125 |
| Storage temperature | T_stg | °C | -40 ~ 125 |
| Mass | m | g | 0.65 |

Absolute maximum rating

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value |
|----------------------|-----------------|------|-------|
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} | V | 6.5 |
| ESD rating (HBM) | U_ESD | kV | 4 |
| Junction temperature | T_J | °C | 150 |

Remark: the unrecoverable damage may occur when the product works on the conditions over the absolute maximum ratings. Long-time working on the absolute maximum ratings may cause the degradation on performance and reliability.

Isolation parameter

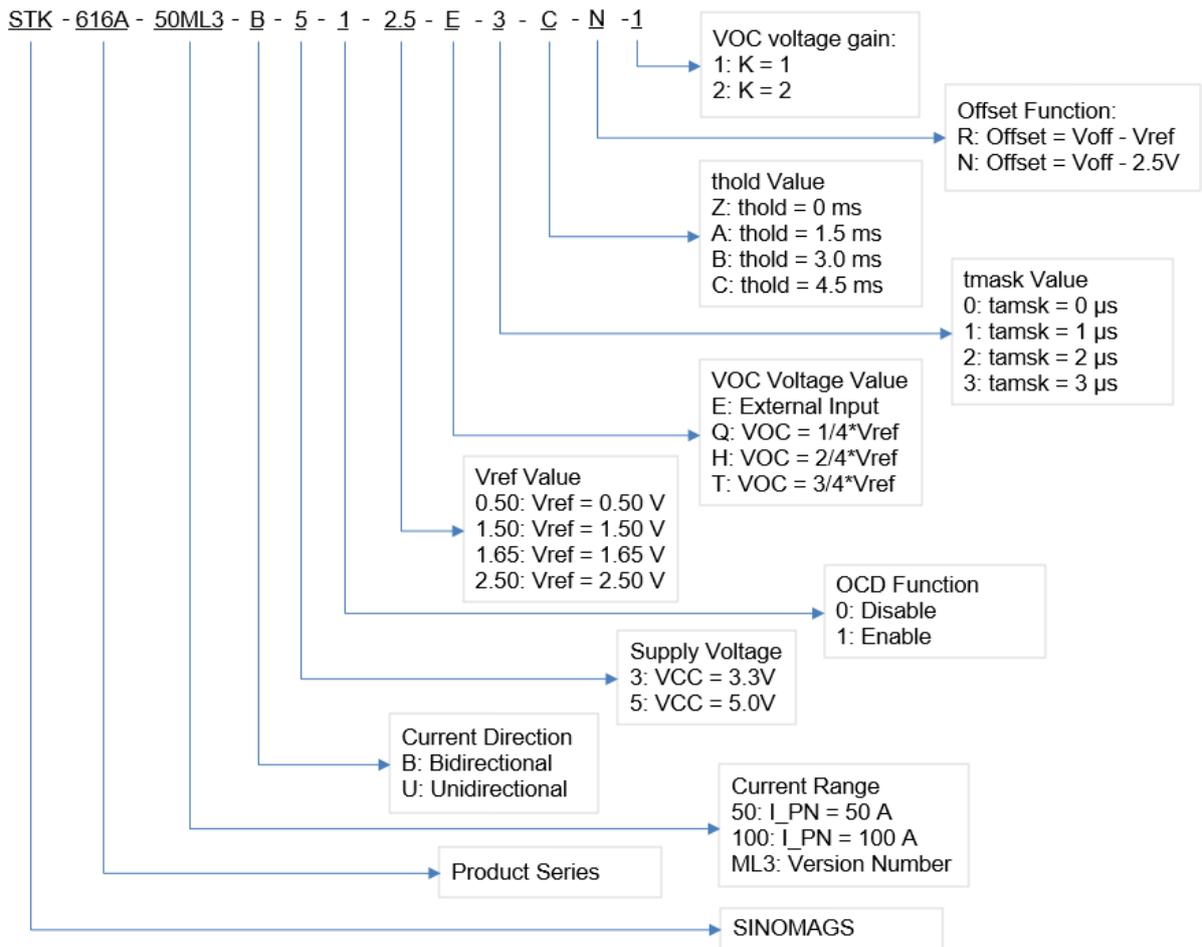
| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Value | Comment |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------|-------|---------------------------------|
| RMS voltage for AC test 50 Hz, 1 min | U _d | kV | 5 | |
| Surge Current | I _{surge} | kA | 20 | |
| Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50μs | Ū _w | kV | 6 | |
| Clearance distance (pri. -sec) | d _{Cl} | mm | 8.5 | Determined by customer's layout |
| Creepage distance (pri. -sec) | d _{Cp} | mm | 8.5 | |

Measuring current table

| Part number | Current Range | Sensitivity (mV/A) | T (°C) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|
| STK-616A-50ML3B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-N-1 | ±50 A | 40 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-50ML3B5-1-2.5-E-1-C-N-2 | ±50 A | 40 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-50ML3B5-0-2.5-X-X-X-R-X | ±50 A | 40 | -40 ~ 125 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| STK-616A-50ML3B3-1-1.65-E-3-C-N-1 | ±50 A | 26.4 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-50ML3U5-1-0.5-E-0-Z-R-1 | 50 A | 80 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-50ML3U5-1-0.5-E-1-C-R-2 | 50 A | 80 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-66ML3B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-N-1 | ±66 A | 30 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-75ML3B5-1-2.5-E-1-C-N-2 | ±75 A | 26.6 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-80ML3B5-0-2.5-X-X-X-R-X | ±80 A | 25 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-90ML3B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-N-1 | ±90 A | 22.2 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-95ML3U5-1-0.5-E-1-A-N-2 | 95 A | 42.1 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-100ML3B5-1-2.5-E-2-C-R-1 | ±100 A | 20 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-100ML3U5-1-0.5-E-0-Z-R-1 | 100 A | 40 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-120ML3B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-N-1 | ±120 A | 16.5 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-150ML3B5-0-2.5-X-X-X-N-X | ±150 A | 13.3 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-180ML3B5-1-2.5-E-3-C-R-1 | ±180 A | 11.1 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-180ML3B5-1-2.5-E-0-C-N-2 | ±180 A | 11.1 | -40 ~ 125 |
| STK-616A-180ML3B5-0-2.5-X-X-X-R-X | ±180 A | 11.1 | -40 ~ 125 |

2. Part number definition



3. Temperature vs Current

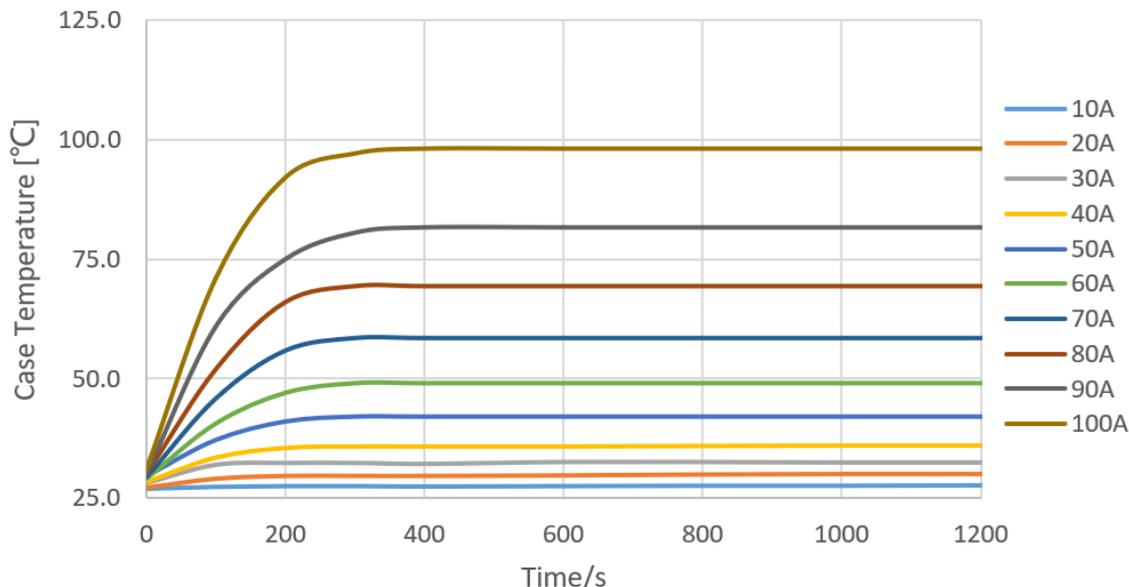


Figure 1. Relationship between STK-616AM3 Case temperature and amount of input current.

Figure 1 shows the results of current & temperature measurement. Tested by using a standard demo test board, with 4 layers of copper conductors, where the thickness for each layer is 2 oz, the total thickness of demo board is 1.6 mm. This result is a reference data. Tc is changed much by the board layout and the heat dissipation. Please confirm it in your evaluation environment.

4. Electrical data STK-616A-XXML3B5

Condition: T_A = 25°C, V_{cc} = 5 V

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ | Max | Comment |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Primary current measuring range | I _{pm} | A | -50 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML3B5 |
| | | | -66 | | 66 | STK-616A-66ML3B5 |
| | | | -80 | | 80 | STK-616A-80ML3B5 |
| | | | -90 | | 90 | STK-616A-90ML3B5 |
| | | | -100 | | 100 | STK-616A-100ML3B5 |
| | | | -120 | | 120 | STK-616A-120ML3B5 |
| | | | -150 | | 150 | STK-616A-150ML3B5 |
| | | | -180 | | 180 | STK-616A-180ML3B5 |
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} | V | | 5 | | |
| Current consumption | I _{cc} | mA | | 5 | 10 | |
| Primary conductor resistance | R _{IP} | mΩ | | 0.27 | | |
| Reference voltage | V _{ref} | V | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | Internal use |
| Quiescent voltage | V _{off} | V | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | V _{out} @ I _p = 0A |
| Internal output resistance | R _{out} | Ω | | 1 | | V _{out} |
| Theoretical gain | G _{th} | mV/A | | 40 | | STK-616A-50ML3B5 |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----|------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| (@ Voff = 2.5, Note 1) | | | | 30 | | STK-616A-66ML3B5 |
| | | | | 26.6 | | STK-616A-75ML3B5 |
| | | | | 25 | | STK-616A-80ML3B5 |
| | | | | 22.2 | | STK-616A-90ML3B5 |
| | | | | 20 | | STK-616A-100ML3B5 |
| | | | | 16.5 | | STK-616A-120ML3B5 |
| | | | | 13.3 | | STK-616A-150ML3B5 |
| | | | | 11.1 | | STK-616A-180ML3B5 |
| OCD function (if applicable) | | | | | | |
| OCD range | VOC | V | 0.3 | | 3.3 | K=1 |
| | | | 0.3 | | 2 | K=2 |
| FAULT error | | % | | 5% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Hysteresis | IHYS | % | | 10% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Fault Mask | tmask | μs | | 2 | | Note 2) |
| OCD Fault Mask error | Tmask_error | ns | | 125 | | |
| OCD Fault Hold Time | thold | ms | | 4.5 | | Note 3) |
| Accuracy performance | | | | | | |
| Rated linearity @ 25°C | ξ | % of I _{pn} | | ±1.5 | | ±I _{pn} |
| Step response time | t _{res} | μs | | 0.9 | | @90% of I _{pn} |
| Frequency bandwidth | BW | kHz | | 600 | | @ -3 dB |
| Output voltage noise | Vnoise | mVpp | | 10 | | DC ~ 600 kHz |
| Accuracy @ 25°C | X | % of I _{pn} | | ±1.5 | | @ 25°C |
| Thermal drift of G _{th} | GAIN_T | % of G _{th} | | ±1.5 | | @ -40~105°C |
| Thermal drift of Voff | Voff_T | mV | | ±15 | | Drift related to the value @ 25°C |
| Total Accuracy | X_T | % of I _{pn} | | ±3.5 | | |

5. Electrical data STK-616A-XXML3B3

Condition: T_A = 25°C, V_{cc} = 3.3 V

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ | Max | Comment |
|---|------------------|------|-----|------|-----|---|
| Primary current measuring range | I _{pm} | A | -50 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML3B3 |
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} | V | | 3.3 | | |
| Current consumption | I _{cc} | mA | | 5 | 10 | |
| Primary conductor resistance | R _{IP} | mΩ | | 0.27 | | |
| Reference voltage | V _{ref} | V | 1.6 | 1.65 | 1.7 | Internal use |
| Quiescent voltage | V _{off} | V | 1.6 | 1.65 | 1.7 | V _{out} @ I _{pn} = 0A |
| Internal output resistance | R _{out} | Ω | | 1 | | V _{out} |
| Theoretical gain (@ Voff = 2.5, Note 4) | G _{th} | mV/A | | 26.4 | | STK-616A-50ML3B3 |
| OCD function (if applicable) | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----|------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| OCD range | VOC | V | 0.3 | | 1.6 | K=1 |
| | | | 0.3 | | 1.6 | K=2 |
| FAULT error | | % | | 5% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Hysteresis | IHYS | % | | 10% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Fault Mask | tmask | μs | | 2 | | Note 5) |
| OCD Fault Mask error | Tmask_error | ns | | 125 | | |
| OCD Fault Hold Time | thold | ms | | 4.5 | | Note 6) |
| Accuracy performance | | | | | | |
| Rated linearity @ 25°C | ξ | % of I _{pn} | | ±1.5 | | ±I _{pn} |
| Step response time | t _{res} | μs | | 0.9 | | @90% of I _{pn} |
| Frequency bandwidth | BW | kHz | | 600 | | @ -3 dB |
| Output voltage noise | Vnoise | mVpp | | 10 | | DC ~ 600 kHz |
| Accuracy @ 25°C | X | % of I _{pn} | | ±1.5 | | @ 25°C |
| Thermal drift of G _{th} | GAIN_T | % of G _{th} | | ±1.5 | | @ -40~105°C |
| Thermal drift of Voff | Voff_T | mV | | ±15 | | Drift related to the value @ 25°C |
| Total Accuracy | X_T | % of I _{pn} | | ±3.5 | | |

Note:

- 1) The gain of the sensor should be calibrated in software level if an accurate measuring is required.
- 2) The default time for OCD Fault Mask Time is 3us, while it can be set as 0, 1, 2, 3 us per demand.
- 3) The default time for OCD Fault Hold Time is 4.5ms, while it can be set as 0, 1.5, 3, 4.5ms per demand.
- 4) The gain of the sensor should be calibrated in software level if an accurate measuring is required.
- 5) The default time for OCD Fault Mask Time is 3us, while it can be set as 0, 1, 2, 3 us per demand.
- 6) The default time for OCD Fault Hold Time is 4.5ms, while it can be set as 0, 1.5, 3, 4.5ms per demand.

6. Electrical data STK-616A-XXML3U5

Condition: T_A = 25°C, V_{cc} = 5.0 V

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ | Max | Comment |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------|-----|------|-----|---|
| Primary current measuring range | I _{pm} | A | 0 | | 50 | STK-616A-50ML3U5 |
| | | | 0 | | 95 | STK-616A-95ML3U5 |
| | | | 0 | | 100 | STK-616A-100ML3U5 |
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} | V | | 5 | | |
| Current consumption | I _{cc} | mA | | 5 | 10 | |
| Primary conductor resistance | R _{IP} | mΩ | | 0.27 | | |
| Reference voltage | V _{ref} | V | | 0.5 | | Internal use |
| Quiescent voltage | V _{off} | V | | 0.5 | | V _{out} @ I _{pn} = 0A |
| Internal output resistance | R _{out} | Ω | | 1 | | V _{out} |
| Theoretical gain | G _{th} | mV/A | | 80 | | STK-616A-50ML3U5 |

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| (@ Voff = 2.5, Note 4) | | | 42.1 | | STK-616A-95ML3U5 |
| | | | 40 | | STK-616A-100ML3U5 |
| OCD function (if applicable) | | | | | |
| OCD range | VOC | V | 0.2 | 0.5 | K=1 |
| | | | 0.2 | 0.5 | K=2 |
| FAULT error | | % | 5% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Hysteresis | IHYS | % | 10% | | % of OCD |
| OCD Fault Mask | tmask | μs | 2 | | Note 5) |
| OCD Fault Mask error | Tmask_error | ns | 125 | | |
| OCD Fault Hold Time | thold | ms | 4.5 | | Note 6) |
| Accuracy performance | | | | | |
| Rated linearity @ 25°C | ξ | % of I _{pn} | ±1.5 | | ±I _{pn} |
| Step response time | t _{res} | μs | 0.9 | | @90% of I _{pn} |
| Frequency bandwidth | BW | kHz | 600 | | @ -3 dB |
| Output voltage noise | Vnoise | mVpp | 10 | | DC ~ 600 kHz |
| Accuracy @ 25°C | X | % of I _{pn} | ±1.5 | | @ 25°C |
| Thermal drift of G _{th} | GAIN_T | % of G _{th} | ±1.5 | | @ -40~105°C |
| Thermal drift of Voff | Voff_T | mV | ±15 | | Drift related to the value @ 25°C |
| Total Accuracy | X_T | % of I _{pn} | ±3.5 | | |

Note:

- 7) The gain of the sensor should be calibrated in software level if an accurate measuring is required.
- 8) The default time for OCD Fault Mask Time is 3us, while it can be set as 0, 1, 2, 3 us per demand.
- 9) The default time for OCD Fault Hold Time is 4.5ms, while it can be set as 0, 1.5, 3, 4.5ms per demand.
- 10) The gain of the sensor should be calibrated in software level if an accurate measuring is required.
- 11) The default time for OCD Fault Mask Time is 3us, while it can be set as 0, 1, 2, 3 us per demand.
- 12) The default time for OCD Fault Hold Time is 4.5ms, while it can be set as 0, 1.5, 3, 4.5ms per demand.

7. Dimensions

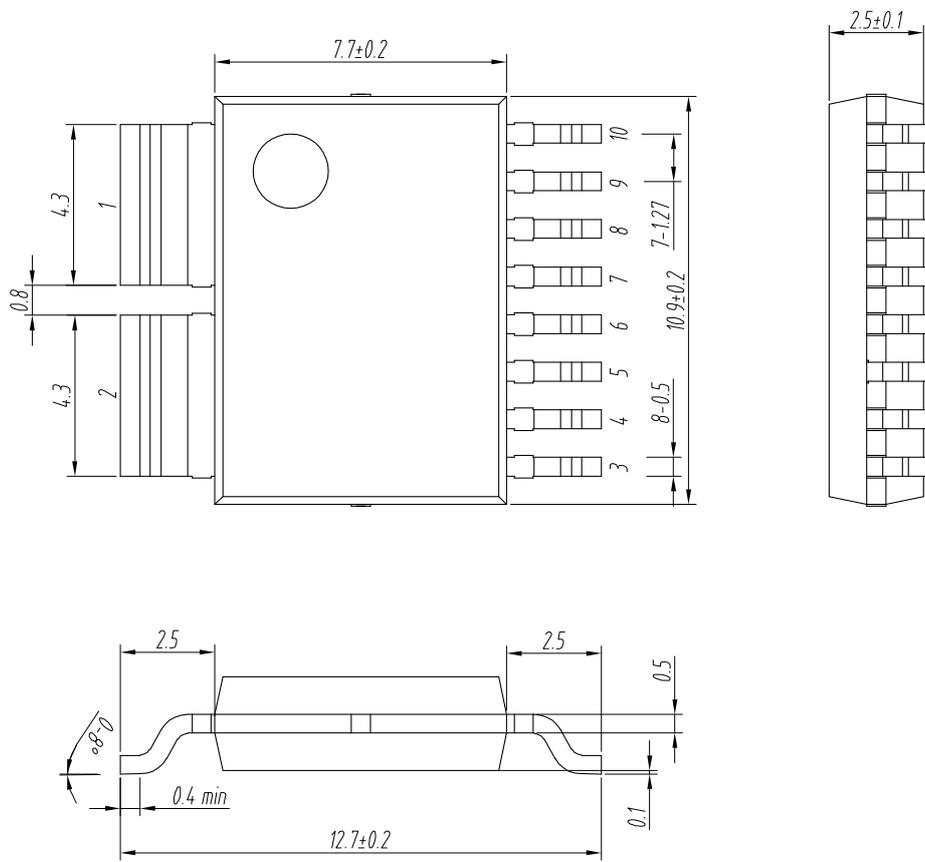


Figure 2. Dimensions of STK-616AM3 series current sensors. The unit is mm.

8. Pin definitions

| PIN | Symbol | Description |
|------|--------|---|
| 1 | IP+ | Primary conductor pin (+) |
| 2 | IP- | Primary conductor pin (-) |
| 3 | FAULT | Over current detection alarm output, the pin is open leakage output |
| 4 | VCC | Power supply pin |
| 5 | VREF | Reference voltage output |
| 6 | VOUT | Sensor output pin |
| 7 | VOC | Over current detection threshold input pin |
| 8,10 | NC | NC |
| 9 | GND | Ground pin (GND) |

9. PCB layout recommendation

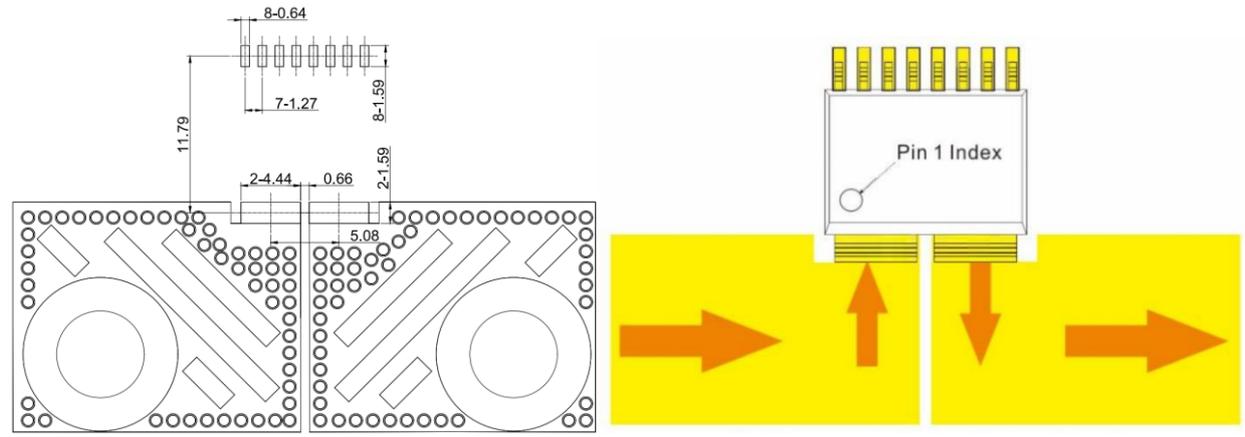


Figure 3. The recommended footprint of the SMT PCB layout for the STK-616AM3 series products. The unit is mm.

10. Frequency band width

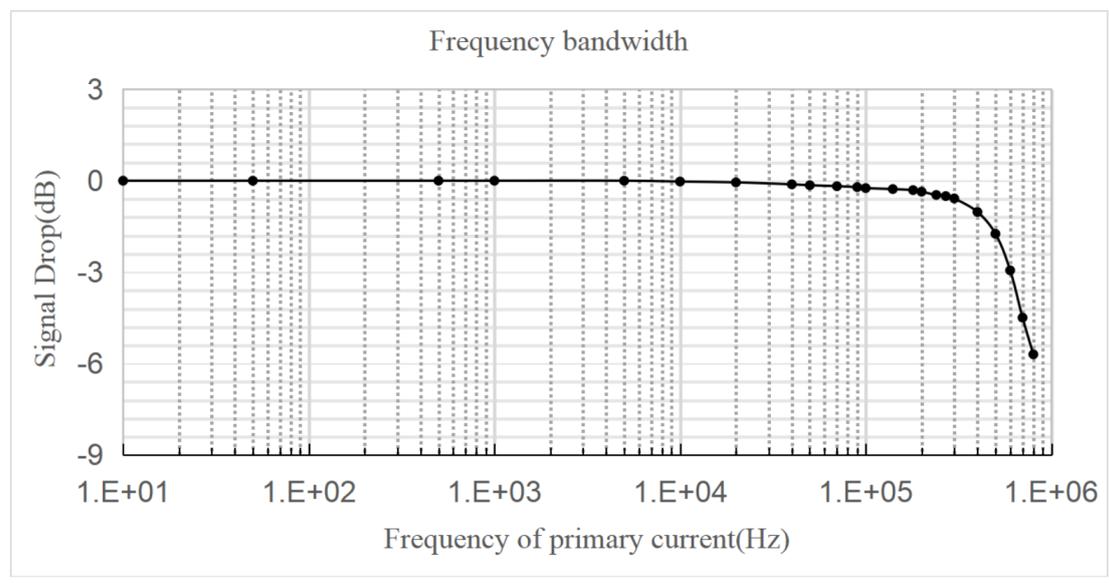


Figure 4. The frequency band width of the STK-616AM3 series products. the upper limit of the -3 dB band width is 600 kHz.

11. Step response time

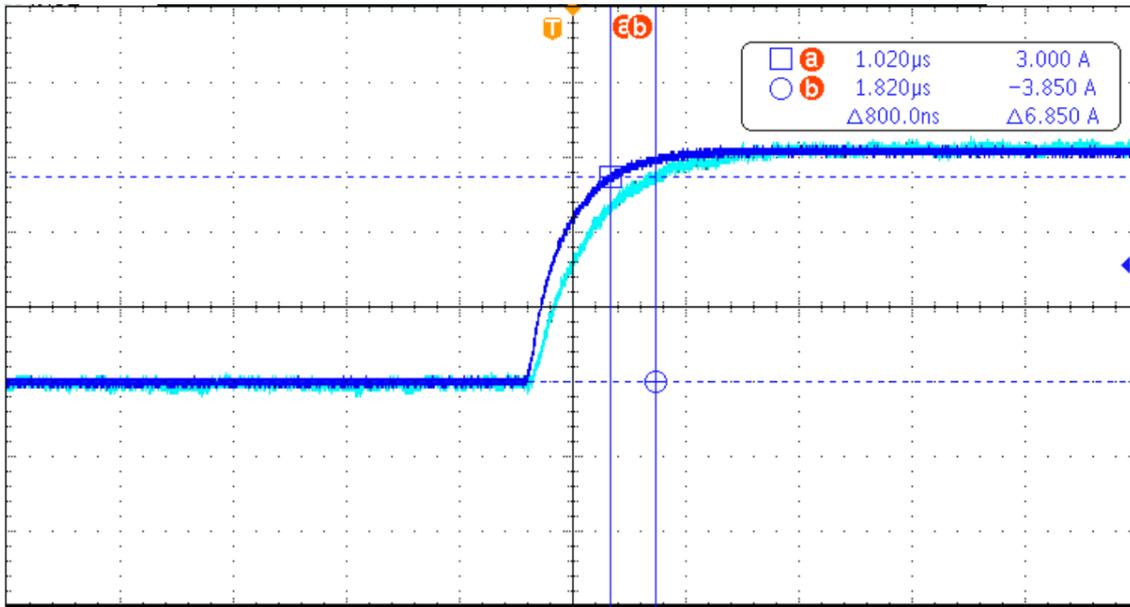


Figure 5. The typical frequency response of STK-616AM3 series current sensor. The response time from 90% of the primary current to 90% of the secondary output is 0.9 µs.

12. Block diagram

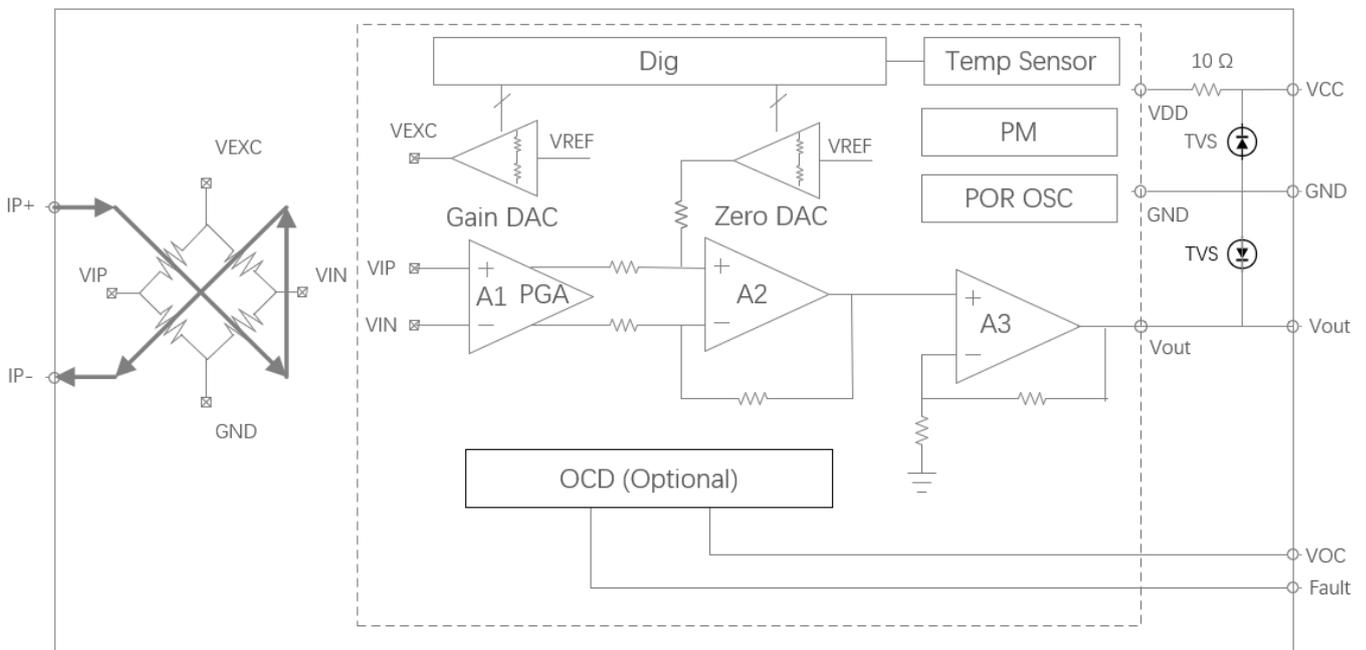


Figure 6. The functional block diagram for the STK-616AM3 series products.

13. Typical application circuit

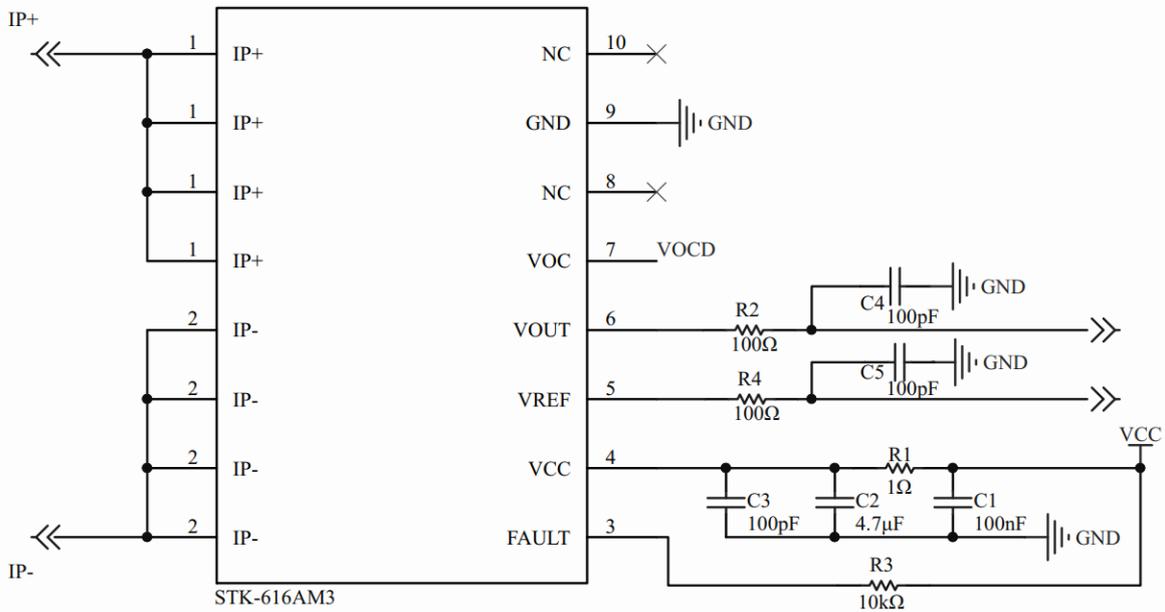


Figure 7. The reference application circuit for the STK-616AM3 series products.

Remark 1: R3 = 10 kΩ, recommended C1 = 100 nF, C2 = 4.7 μF, C3 = 100pF, C4 = 100 pF, C5 = 100pF. 100pF of C4 and C5 does not affect the response speed of the chip. R2 and C4, R4 and C5 constitute RC filter circuit ($f \approx 1/(2\pi RC)$). The bandwidth of STK-616AM3 is 600 kHz, and RC filter circuit above 600 kHz cannot realize a bandwidth above 600 kHz. If the VREF pin is not used, it can be left empty. If there is a need for an external capacitor, it is necessary to ensure that the capacitance value is greater than 100 nF.

Remark 2: The VREF and VOUT pins cannot be connected directly to a capacitor. If a capacitor is required in the circuit, connect a resistor in series before the capacitor. It is recommended to select a series resistance of 100 Ω or more.

14. OCD function for STK-616A-50ML3B5

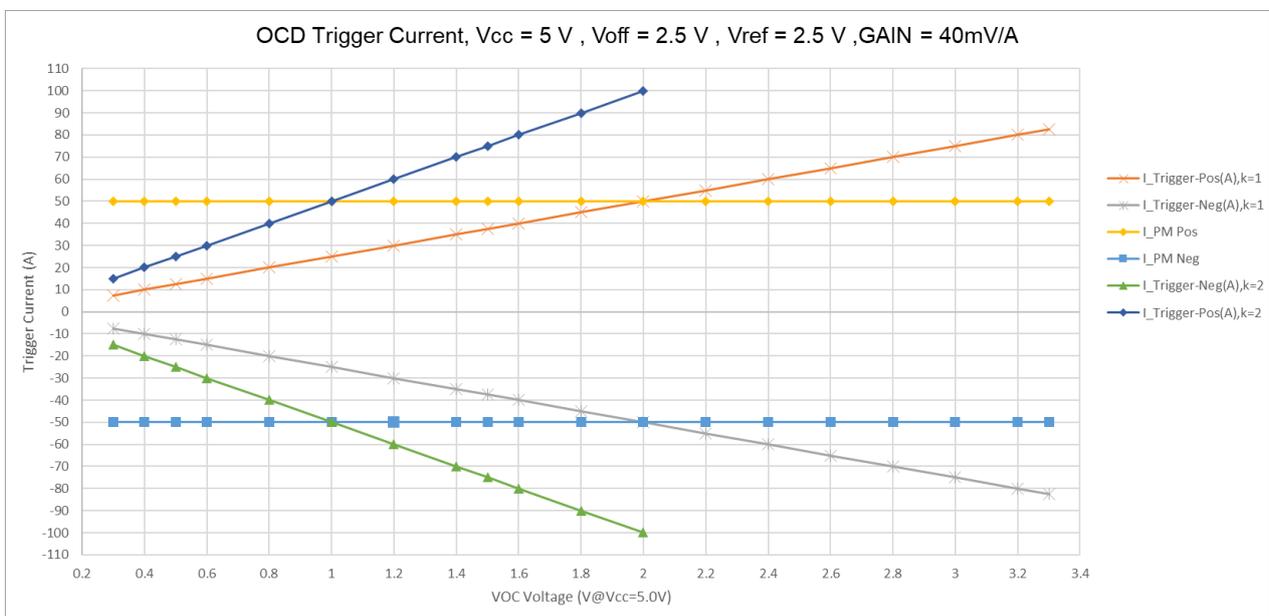


Figure 8 the relationship of trigger current and VOC setting for the STK-616A-50ML3B5, with $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$. $I_{\text{trigger_pos}}$ represents the forward over-current protection trigger current. $I_{\text{trigger_neg}}$ represents the negative over-current protection trigger current. $I_{\text{pn_pos}}$ represents the forward primary nominal current. $I_{\text{pn_neg}}$ represents the negative primary nominal current. K is OCD coefficient, with typical values of 1, 2. I_{pn} is shown in the electrical data table.

15. General information on OCD

This section describes the general information on OCD function, the specific functions, which are not listed in the section of “electrical data”, can be defined per request.

Since the trigger voltage is set after the second amplifier, the OCD function supports that the trigger current can be higher than I_{pn} . The trigger voltage and the trigger current are shown as follows.

- a) $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_{\text{off}} = 2.5\text{ V}, K=1.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq \text{VOC} \leq 3.3\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{\text{trigger}} = V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} / G3;$
 - c) $I_{\text{trigger}} = (V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} - V_{\text{off}}) / G_{\text{th}};$
- b) $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_{\text{off}} = 2.5\text{ V}, K=2.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq \text{VOC} \leq 2\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{\text{trigger}} = V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} / G3;$
 - c) $I_{\text{trigger}} = (V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} - V_{\text{off}}) / G_{\text{th}};$
- c) $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 1.65\text{ V}, V_{\text{off}} = 1.65\text{ V}, K=1.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq \text{VOC} \leq 1.6\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{\text{trigger}} = V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} / G3;$
 - c) $I_{\text{trigger}} = (V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} - V_{\text{off}}) / G_{\text{th}};$
- d) $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}, V_{\text{ref}} = 1.65\text{ V}, V_{\text{off}} = 1.65\text{ V}, K=2.$
 - a) $0.3\text{ V} \leq \text{VOC} \leq 1.6\text{ V};$
 - b) $V_{\text{trigger}} = V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} / G3;$
 - c) $I_{\text{trigger}} = (V_{\text{ref}} \pm K * \text{VOC} - V_{\text{off}}) / G_{\text{th}};$

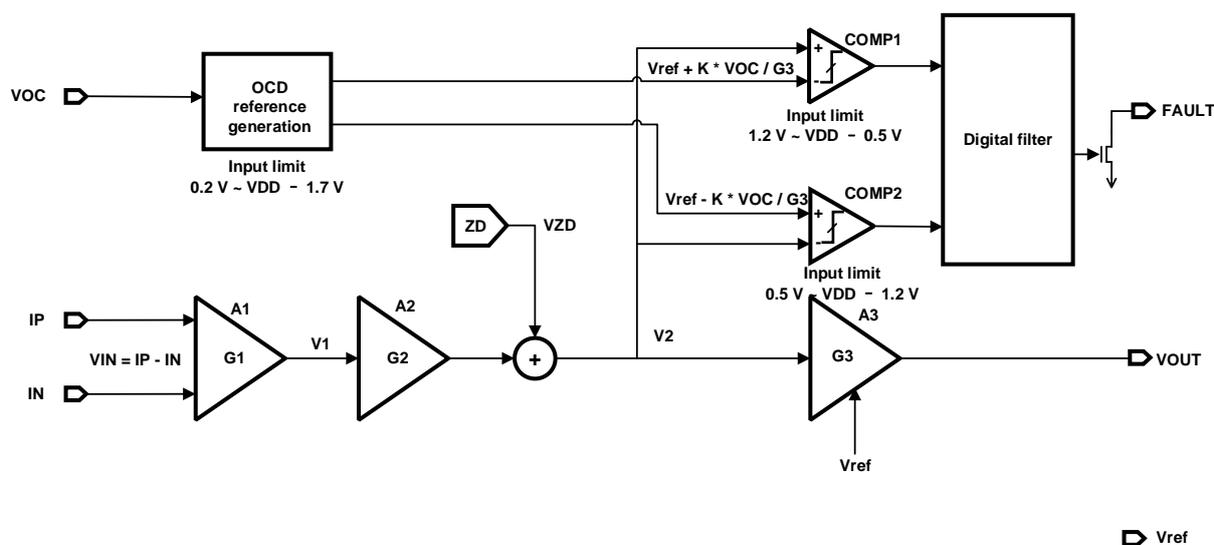


Figure 9 the functional block diagram for STK-616AM3 on OCD function with conditions of $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{off}} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5\text{ V}$.